

## ▲ Exam Format & MCQ Trap

100 pts / 3h / 1x A4 both sides. MCQ 30pt (15Qx2) · Fill-in 10pt (5Qx2) · T/F 10pt (10Qx1) · Open 50pt (7-8Q).

**MCQ TRAP (30 pts): 1-4 answers may be correct — tick EVERY correct one.** 33% of past MCQs (10/30) were multi-select. Tick too few → partial/zero; tick a wrong one → score drops/zeros. **Only tick what you can defend; don't guess-tick all.** **Past multi:** V1 Q2,3,10,13,14,15 · V2 Q1,10,11,14. "always/only/never/exclusively" → usually **FALSE**. **Time:** MCQ 30m · Fill 8m · T/F 12m · Open 75m · Review 15m.

## HTTP Methods

Mth	S	I	C	Use
GET	Y	Y	Y	read; 200/404
HEAD	Y	Y	Y	headers only
OPT	Y	Y	-	allowed verbs
POST	N	N	-	create; 201
PUT	N	Y	-	full replace
PATCH	N	N	-	partial upd
DELETE	N	Y	-	200/204/404

Safe = no state change. Idempotent = N calls=1. **POST** ⇒ Idempotent (not vice versa). **POST & PATCH NOT idempotent.**

### HTTP Status Codes

2xx success: 200 OK · 201 Created (+Location) · 204 No Content (DELETE). 3xx: 301 perm · 302 temp · 304 Not Modified.

4xx CLIENT: 400 bad syntax · 401 no auth · 403 authed-denied · 404 missing · 405 method n/a · 409 conflict · 422 unprocessable.

5xx SERVER: 500 crash · 502 bad gateway · 503 down · 504 upstream timeout.

### Which 4xx?

need auth → 401 · logged in but denied → 403 · URL/id absent → 404 · syntactically broken → 400 · wrong verb → 405. 500 = unhandled exception (no try/catch). 500 ≠ timeout (504).

## REST

6 constraints (Code-on-Demand OPTIONAL): 1. Client-Server · 2. Stateless (no session on server) · 3. Cacheable (Cache-Control, ETag) · 4. Uniform Interface (URIs, HATEOAS, self-descriptive) · 5. Layered · 6. Code-on-Demand (OPTIONAL).

REST = **STYLE, not protocol** (Roy Fielding, 2000).

### Endpoint design rules

- Nouns, plural: /users not /getUsers
- Verb = HTTP method, URL = resource
- Hierarchy: /users/42/messages
- Filter/sort/page: ?role=admin&sort=age
- Version: /api/v1/...
- **NO verb in query/path** (e.g. ?method=delete)

**HATEOAS:** OPTIONAL; responses include links for next actions. **Resource:** anything URI-addressable (noun).

### Endpoint analysis (V2 Q38):

GET /p/:p/docs/:id?method=delete **Flaws:** (1) GET must be **SAFE** — mutation forbidden; (2) verb-in-query = RPC anti-pattern; (3) query refines, doesn't act. **Fix:** DELETE /projects/:p/documents/:id → 200/204; 404 absent; 401/403 auth.

**POST /users/42/messages** = create MSG for user 42 (NOT create user, NOT list).

## HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html> 1st line. <html lang=> <head> (meta, title, link, script) <body>
```

**Semantic HTML5:** header, nav, main, section, article, aside, footer (+ figure, details, summary). Meaningful for ally+SEO. **Void / empty tags** (no close): <br> <img> <br> <input> <meta> <link>

**Block** (div p h1-6 section ul form): new line, full width, w/h respected, vertical margins. **Inline** (span a em strong img label): in-flow, content-width, ignore w/h, only horiz margins.

**inline-block:** in-flow + w/h respected. **Inline CANNOT contain block.**

### Forms

```
<form action="/x" method="post"> action=where, method=how. <label for="u">User</label> <input id="u" name="u"> — for=id binds label.
```

**Input types:** text, email (validates @), password (masked), number (min/max/step), date, time, datetime-local, range, color, url, tel, search, file, checkbox (multi), radio (share name=group), submit, reset, hidden, button.

**Attrs:** required, placeholder, pattern, min, max, step, readonly, disabled, autocomplete. <fieldset> <legend> group; <select> <option>; <textarea>

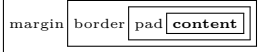
**alt on <img>:** (1) screen readers / ally; (2) fallback if image fails, (3) SEO text. **NOT** for alt sources — that's srcset.

### CSS

**Rule-set:** selector { property: value; }.

**Box Model (in → out)**

**content** → **padding** → **border** → **margin**



**box-sizing:** content-box (default) w/h is CONTENT only, pad+border ADD. border-box w/h INCLUDES pad+border. Padding does **NOT** decrease content area (V2 Q26 FALSE).

### Units

**em** = parent font-size (compounds). **rem** = root (html) font-size. % = parent dim. **vw/vh** = 1% viewport. px absolute. em/rem BOTH relative (V2 Q4: b).

### Selectors

```
#id .cls class .p type * universal [attr=v] attr :hover pseudo-class (1, state) ::before pseudo-element (2::, part). Combinators: A B descendant · A>B child · A~B adjacent sib · A~B general sib.
```

**Specificity (high → low)**

**inline > #id > .class [attr]:pc > type/:ipe.** Tie → last wins (source order). Cascade: **UA < User < Author < Author!important < User!important.**

### Inheritance

**Inherit:** color, font-size, text-align, line-height. **NOT inherit:** border, margin, padding, width, background. **Direct match ALWAYS beats inheritance** (regardless of specificity — V2 Q34).

### Display vs Visibility

**display:none** out of flow, no space visibility:hidden invisible, **KEEPS** space **display: block/inline/flex/grid/nope**

### Position & Flex/Grid

**Position:** static (default) · relative (offset, creates ctx) · absolute (vs nearest positioned) · fixed (vs viewport) · sticky (rel then fixed). Center: top:50%; left:50%; transform: translate(-50%, -50%). **Flex (1D):** display:flex; flex-direction:row/column; justify-content; align-items; gap; flex: x b.

### Grid (2D):

display:grid;grid-template-columns:1fr 2fr 1fr;gap:grid-area.

**Responsive:** <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width"> + <media(max-width:600px){...}

## Specificity puzzle (V2 Q34):

```
#mySect{color:purple;} p{color:orange;} <h1> in #mySect = purple (inherits from parent, no direct rule). <p class="sunYellow"> = orange (direct p-rule beats inheritance; unused class ignored).
```

## JavaScript Core

**var** = function-scoped, hoisted to undefined (avoid).

**let** = block-scoped, reassign, TDZ.

**const** = block-scoped, no reassign (obj contents mutable). Use **const let** > var.

**=== vs === / null vs undefined**

```
'100' == 100 TRUE (coerces) '100' === 100 FALSE null == undefined TRUE null === undefined FALSE [] == false TRUE NaN == NaN FALSE (use Number.isNaN)
```

**Falsy:** false 0 " null undefined NaN. **Else** truthy.

### Hoisting / TDZ

```
console.log(x); var x=1 → undefined. console.log(y); let y=1 → ReferenceError (TDZ). foo(); function foo(){ works (fn decl fully hoisted).
```

bar(); var bar=function(){} → TypeError. **this Binding (bound at CALL, not def)**

method call (o.f()) this = o plain call (f()) global / strict: undefined **arrow fn** no own this (lexical) new C() this = new obj f.call(o) this = o

**Arrow CANNOT** use .bind/.call/.apply to change this. **Cannot** new an arrow. Arrow in Node module top: this = module.exports (empty) so this.x is undefined.

**Callbacks / Promises / async-await / fetch** **Callback** = fn passed as arg, invoked later (V2 Q20).

**Promise** states: pending → fulfilled/rejected; .then().catch().finally(). **async/await** = sugar on promises; await pauses; wrap try/catch.

**fetch** does **NOT** reject on 4xx/5xx — check res.ok. **axios DOES** reject.

### Event Loop — Output Prediction

Sync stack first; macrotasks (setTimeout, I/O) AFTER stack empty. setTimeout(fn,0) runs LAST.

### V2 Q37 trace:

```
func1{func2{setT(B,0);log C}; log A} func3=(cb)=>{cb();log D}; func3(()=>log E); log F; Order: C → A → E → D → F → B (B last via timer queue).
```

**IIFE** (V2 Q7): (function(){...})(); runs at definition, isolates scope.

**AJAX** (V2 Q6): **technique** (NOT a language/library) for async send/receive WITHOUT page reload. Modern: JSON, fetch/axios.

### ES6 Modern Syntax

**Arrow:** (x)=>x\*2; no own this; can't be new-ed. **Spread/Rest:** [...a, ...b], {...o, x:1}, fn(...args). **Destructure:** const {x, y=1} = obj; const [a,b] = arr; **Template:** `hi \${name}`. **Optional chain:** obj?.a?.b. **Nullish** coal: x ?? `def` (only null/undef triggers; o="" pass). **||** triggers on ANY falsy. **Array:** .map .filter .reduce((a,x)=>a\*x,0) .find .some .every .includes .sort((a,b)=>a-b).

## DOM

What: tree, in-memory, language-neutral model of HTML built by browser at parse. **Node** = document. **DOMContentLoaded** fires when HTML parsed (before images).

### JS DOM API

**Select:** getElementById, querySelector (CSS, 1st), querySelectorAll. **Read/Write:** textContent (safe), innerHTML (XSS risk; get & set), getAttribute/setAttribute. **Structure:** createElement, appendChild,

```
el.remove(). Style: el.style.x. el.classList.add/remove/toggle. Events: el.addEventListener('click',h). Events: Capture / Bubble Capture (root→target) → Bubble (target→root, default). 3rd arg true=capture. e.preventDefault() stops default (submit/link). e.stopPropagation() stops bubble. e.target=clicked.
```

"Cannot read properties of null" = **querySelector** fired before element exists. **Fix:** defer on <script>, move <script> to end of body, OR wrap in **DOMContentLoaded**.

## Color: JS / Express

**Node.js** (V1 Q16): JS runtime on Google

**V8, runs JS outside browser.** **Single-threaded** event loop + **non-blocking I/O** (V2 Q29 FALSE: not multi-threaded). **No window/DOM;** has fs, http, path. Top-level this = module.exports (NOT global). libuv thread pool handles some I/O underneath.

### npm / package.json

**npm** (V2 Q19) = Node Package Manager. **package.json:** metadata, scripts, **dependencies** (runtime) vs **devDependencies** (tests/lint). **Semver MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH:** '1.2.3>any 1.x.x; ~1.2.3=only 1.2.x; 1.2.3=exact.

**node\_modules** auto-gen. **DO NOT** commit. **package-lock.json** DO commit.

### Modules

**ESM (course):** export const add=...; import {add} from './m.js'; **CommonJS (legacy):** module.exports={add}; const {add}=require('./m');

### Express Cheat Lines

```
import express from 'express'; const app=express(); app.use(express.json()); // parse JSON body app.use(express.static('public')); app.get('/u/:id',(req,res)=>{ const id=req.params.id; // id const q=req.query.sort; // ?sort= res.status(200).json(id);}); app.post('/u',(req,res)=>{ const u=req.body; // needs json() res.status(201).json(u);}); app.listen(3000);
```

### Middleware

**Sig:** (req,res,next). **MUST** call next() or send response (else hangs). Runs in registration order.

**Error MW:** 4 args (err,req,res,next). app.use((req,res,next)=>{log(next());}; const validate=(req,res,next)=>{ if(!req.body.name) return res.status(400).json({error:'name required'}); next();});

app.post('/x',validate,handler); **res helpers:** res.send().json().status(c).cookie().

**req:** params (/u/:id) · query (?q=hi) · body (JSON, needs json()) · get('X-Foo') · cookies.

### Testing

**Pyramid (bottom up):** Unit (many, 1 fn) → Integration (modules together) → System/E2E (whole app); Playwright/Cypress/Selenium → Acceptance (user view). **Order:** Unit → Int → Sys → Accept (V1 Q27 & V2 Q28 FALSE because they reverse it).

**Levels** = how much (unit/int/E2E). **Types** = what aspect (functional, UI, perf, ally, security).

### Test Doubles (VEFF convention)

**Stub:** replaces external resource + canned data (V1 Q14: a.d).

**Mock:** simulate behavior + verify calls/args. **Spy:** wrap real fn, observe calls, original still runs.

Course Stub = "replace external resource" AND "mimic fns". V2 Q13: c (simulate complex modules).

### TDD / BDD / Regression

**TDD** (V2 Q17): Red (fail) → Green (min pass) → Refactor. Tests FIRST.

**BDD:** Given-When-Then. **ATDD:** acceptance from user view, before code.

**Regression:** test written AFTER bug fixed to reproduce it; prevents return.

### Jest + Supertest

```
describe('add', () => { beforeEach(() => resetData()); it('adds', () => { expect(add(2,3)).toBe(5);});}); toStrictEqual, toMatchObject (subset), toContain, toHaveProperty('a.b',v), toHaveLength, toThrow, toHaveBeenCalledWith. Hooks: beforeAll/Each, afterAll/Each. jest.fn()=mock fn; jest.mock(m)=auto-mock; jest.spyOn(o,m)=spy. Supertest pattern:
```

```
const r = await request(app) .post('/api/v1/tasks') .set('Authorization','Bearer X') .send({title:'x'}); expect(r.statuscode).toBe(201);
```

**Pass app,** not running server. Always await. **Coverage** =

Statements/Branches/Functions/Lines. 100% ≠ **good tests** (happy-path only).

**3 tests for DELETE /tasks/:id (V1 Q37)**

- (1) 200 happy: seed, DELETE, body==deleted, gone on GET.
- (2) 404 bad input: /tasks/abc, err 'taskId must be integer'.
- (3) 404 not found: /tasks/99999, err 'does not exist'.

## Security

**OWASP Top 10 (2021):** A01 Broken Access Control (#1, IDOR), A02

Cryptographic Failures (plaintext/MD5/weak TLS), A03 Injection (SQL/NoSQL/XSS/cmd), A04 Insecure Design, A05 Misconfiguration, A06

Vulnerable Components, A07 Auth Failures, A08 Software Integrity, A09 Logging Failures, A10 SSRF.

**XSS (V1 Q26 TRUE)**

Inject client scripts. **Stored** (in DB, every viewer) / **Reflected** (URL echoes) / **DOM** (JS innerHTML w/ user data).

**Defenses:** output encode, textContent NOT innerHTML, CSP header, HttpOnly cookies.

**SQL Injection**

"SELECT \* FROM u WHERE n='"+in+"'" with input ' OR '1'='1 - → all rows / bypass.

**Fix:** parameterised: db.query('...WHERE n=?',[n]); ORM; validate; least privilege.

**AuthN vs AuthZ (V2 Q9: b)** **AuthN** = WHO you are. **AuthZ** = WHAT you can do. **AuthN first.**

**MFA factors:** know (pw) · have (token/phone) · are (biometric). SMS weakest.

**Basic Auth (V2 Q8: d)**

Authorization: Basic base64(user:pass). **base64 = encoded NOT encrypted.**

Insecure without HTTPS.

**Sessions vs Tokens vs JWT**

**Session:** opaque ID cookie, server stores state. **Cookie-based:** HttpOnly (JS can't read, blocks XSS, cookie theft) · **Secure** (HTTPS only) · **SameSite=Lax/Strict** (blocks CSRF).

**JWT:** header.payload.sig (base64url). Stateless. SIGNED (HS256/RS256) not encrypted → **payload READABLE.** Verify: pin alg, check exp/iss/aud, never alg:'none'.

**Passwords / Replay / HMAC**

**Storage:** slow adaptive hash bcrypt (cost 10-12), scrypt, argon2. NEVER MD5/SHA256 raw.

**Salt** = per-user random, stored w/ hash (defeat rainbow tables). **Pepper** = server-wide secret outside DB.

**Replay attack:** captured signed req resent.

**Defense** (V2 Q27 TRUE): short-lived timestamp + nonce + HMAC over (method+path+body+ts).

**Security by obscurity** (V2 Q30 TRUE phrasing): relying only on hidden details. WEAK alone — use defense-in-depth.

**CSRF defenses:** SameSite cookies, CSRF token, check Origin/Referer.

**HTTPS/TLS**

HTTP over TLS, port 443. Provides **confidentiality, integrity, authenticity** (NOT availability). **Handshake:** clientHello → serverHello+cert → verify

CA/domain/expiry → key exchange → symmetric session. **HSTS** forces HTTPS.

**Networking**

**TCP** (V1 Q1: c): reliable, ordered, error-checked delivery, stateful (3-way handshake: SYN → SYN-ACK → ACK; close FIN/ACK x2).

**UDP:** fast, unordered, unreliable (streaming, DNS).

**IP:** addressing+routing. IPv4 4×8-bit (127.0.0.1=localhost). IPv6 huge. Private: 10/8, 172.16/12, 192.168/16. CIDR /24 = 24-bit net.

**DNS:** host → IP. Hierarchy: root . → TLD .com → authoritative → record (A/AAAA/CNAME/MX/TXT). Recursive

resolver caches w/ TTL.  
**Ports:** HTTP 80, HTTPS 443, SSH 22, DNS 53, FTP 21, SMTP 25, POP3 110, IMAP 143.

**OSI 7:** Physical, Data Link, Network (NOT three-tier!), Transport, Session, Presentation, Application.

**URI:** scheme://host[:port]/path[?query]#[#frag]. Query ?k=v&k2=v2 [V1 Q29 TRUE].

**HTTP req:** METHOD /path HTTP/1.1 + headers + body. **Res:** status-line + headers + body.

**HTTP stateless** = cookies restore state via Set-Cookie: / Cookie:.

## Architecture

**Three-tier** (V2 Q10: a,c,d — NOT Network!): **Presentation** (HTML/CSS/client JS) → **Business Logic** (Node/Express, REST) → **Data** (DB). Only adjacent layers talk; no skipping; no upward calls. Network = OSI, NOT three-tier.  
**Layered:** easy to exchange/add layers.  
**Caching CAN** reduce reliability (stale).  
**Server-side** (V1 Q31 / *6pt template*)  
Code runs on server (Node), not browser. Processes requests, hits DB, returns HTML/JSON.

**Advantages** (**pick 2**): (1) security — code/creds hidden; (2) access to server resources (DB,FS), (3) offloads heavy CPU, (4) SEO-friendly, (5) centralised updates, (6) enforce runtime version.

**Client-side** (V2 Q11: a,c)

Runs in browser. **Advantages:** visible/changeable in devtools (a), offloads server work (c). **NOT** hidden (b false), **cannot** enforce JS version (d false).

## Linting (V1 Q7 / V2 Q35)

**Static analysis of source code WITHOUT executing** — enforces style + finds errors. Not modification (a) or compilation (c) or live debug (d).  
**ESLint rules:** no-unused-vars, eqeqeq, no-var, prefer-const, semi, indent, no-console, no-unreachable, no-dupe-keys, no-undef, curly, quotes, camelcase, no-empty, max-len.  
Config: eslintrc.json. Run npx eslint . or npm run lint. Integrates editor + pre-commit + CI. **Benefits:** catch bugs pre-runtime, uniform style, reduce PR nits.

## Week 1–12 Gotchas

**W1 Net:** Internet = hardware+TCP/IP; **WWW** = info-space on it (different). IP alone ≠ host ID (need subnet). DNS hostname→IP.

**W2 HTML:** <br>/<img>/<br> are VOID (no close). <br> doesn't mean bold semantically. <tbody> OPTIONAL. All tags can have id (global).

**W3 CSS:** + = ADJ sib (not general; use !); :before double colon. Class#id is FALSE (id more specific). Cascade.

UA <User <Author <!Author <User.  
**W4 HTML+CSS:** <label for="id"> binds for attribute on label, NOT input. Form action URL, method POST/GET.

**W5 JS:** 7+10\*0 ⇒ 710\*0 (string coerce); 710\*5 ⇒ 27 ⇒ FALSE ⇒ AJAX async default; async:false blocks UI.

**W6 Test:** Levels = unit/int/E2E. Types = func/UI/perf/all test. Perf+UI = TYPES NOT LEVELS. Jest CAN test async.

**W7 Node:** arrow at top-level Node module: this = module.exports (explicit) so this.x undefined. Regular fn needed for obj methods using this. http built-in; no window.

**W8 REST:** 3-tier = Presentation/BusinessLogic/Data (NOT Network!). Caching CAN reduce reliability (stale). Code on Demand OPTIONAL.

**POST /users/42/messages** creates MSG. **W9 Test:** Stubs replace external resources + mimic fns, NOT live services. Supertest = HTTPt-endpoint testing. 100% coverage ≠ good tests.

**W10 Sec:** Basic Auth = base64, insecure w/o HTTPS. Session IDs unpredictable + server-stored. Tokens scoped+expirable+stealable. HMAC defeats tampering BUT NOT replay alone (need timestamp/nonce).

**W11 Sec deep:** A01 Broken Access Control #1. TLS = CIA (no Availability). **bcrypt** cost 10–12. **Salt** per-user / **Pepper** server-wide. **Cookie** flags: HttpOnly/Secure/SameSite. JWT signed

not encrypted.

**W12 Exam:** 100pt / 3h / 1×A4 (both sides). 30 MCQ + 10 FIB + 10 T/F + 50 Open. 1+ MCQ answers possible (must select ALL). Selecting all to guess → wrong answers can zero score.

## Past Exam — MCQ Multi-Select Catalog (highest value)

**V1 Q2 alt purposes** (3 right): a, b, d — SEO + fallback + screen readers. NOT srcset (c).

**V1 Q3 form tags:** a, b — <form>+<input>. NOT <section> (semantic), NOT <table> (data).

**V1 Q10 arrow vs trad:** a, b — no own this + concise. NOT "must return" / no params.  
— creates msg + does NOT create user. NOT retrieval, NOT list.

**V1 Q14 Stubs:** a, d — replace external resources + mimic fns. NOT make tests complex / connect live.

**V1 Q15 GET /genres test:** b, d — array ≥ 1 element + first has id+name. NOT 404, NOT only id.

**V2 Q1 idempotent:** a, c, d — GET, PUT, DELETE (+HEAD, OPTIONS). NOT POST.

**V2 Q10 three-tier:** a, c, d — Presentation, Business Logic, Data Access. **NOT** Network (that's OSI).

**V2 Q11 JS facts:** a, c — weakly typed, multi-paradigm. NOT strongly, NOT client-only.

**V2 Q14 client-side:** a, c — changeable + offloads server. NOT hidden, NOT can enforce JS version.

## Past Exam — Lightning Round

**V1 MCQ Q1–15 single-answer + multi**  
1→c (TCP=reliable+ordered) 2→a,b,d, 3→a,b, 4→b (selector) 5→b (#id) 6→b (breakpoints) 7→b (analyse code) 8→b (false; == coerces) 9→a (Unit) 10→a,b 11→c (404) 12→d (undefined) 13→a,c 14→a,d 15→b–d.

## V2 MCQ Q1–15

1→a,c,d 2→c (nav links) 3→a (A; browser this>window) 4→b (em=parent, rem=root) 5→b (POST) 6→b (async, no reload) 7→a (executes when defined) 8→d (Basic Auth) 9→b (identity vs access) 10→a,c,d 11→a,b,c 12→a (deletes user 39) 13→c (simulate modules) 14→a,c 15→b (bad syntax).

## V1 + V2 Fill-in (5 each)

V1: 16=Node.js 17=GET & PUT (DELETE/HEAD/OPTIONS) 18=== 19=header & footer (any semantic pair) 20=visibility & display.

V2: 16=Stateless & Client-Server (any pair) 17=TDD 18=Mocks & Stubs (VEFF: stubs=replace ext.) 19=npm 20=Callbacks.

## V1 T/F (Q21–30)

21=F (JS can be anywhere) 22=T (403=authenticated, denied) 23=T (let for mutable) 24=F (<link> in head) 25=T (innerHTML get & set) 26=T (XSS injects client scripts) 27=F (Integration BEFORE System) 28=F (null ≠ undefined strictly) 29=T (? marks query) 30=T (HATEOAS optional).

## V2 T/F (Q21–30)

21=T (IP=unique host id) 22=T (regression reproduces fixed bug) 23=F (500≠timeout; 504) 24=F (use let not var) 25=T (<img> void) 26=F (padding doesn't shrink content with content-box) 27=T (timestamp+hash blocks replay) 28=F (Integration covers more than module-to-module) 29=F (Security by single-threaded) 30=T (Security by obscurity = hiding impl).

## Past Exam — Open Q Templates (memorize structure)

### V1 Q31 Server-side (6pt)

Code runs on server (Node), not browser; processes requests, hits DB, returns HTML/JSON. 2 advs (any 2): (1) security (code+creds hidden), (2) DB/FS access, (3) heavy CPU offload,

(4) SEO, (5) central updates, (6) enforce runtime ver.

### V1 Q32 Box Model (8pt)

4 concentric layers in→out: content(w/h) → padding(inner space) → border → margin(outer space, transparent). Total W = content+2pad+2border+2margin (content-box). border-box = w INCLUDES pad+border. **Draw the diagram!**

### V1 Q33 Minimal Form (8pt) — code template

```
<html>Welcome to My Simple Page</html>
<p>Basic webpage with a form.</p>
<form>
  <label for="n">Name:</label>
  <input type="text" id="n" name="n">
  <label for="e">Email:</label>
  <input type="email" id="e" name="e">
  <input type="submit" value="Submit">
</form>
```

### V1 Q34 Jax vs Sax (6pt)

4xx = CLIENT fault (fix on client): 400 bad syntax, 401 need auth, 403 authed-denied, 404 missing.  
5xx = SERVER fault: 500 unhandled exc, 502 bad gateway, 503 down, 504 upstream timeout. **Give 2 examples per class.**

### V1 Q35 Injection (8pt)

Untrusted input interpreted as code because no sanitise/parameterise. **SQLi** ex: "WHERE name=""+in"" with ' OR '1'='1 → all rows / auth bypass. **Outcomes:** data theft, auth bypass, DB drop, OS exec. **Fix:** prepared statements, ORM, validate input, least privilege.

### V1 Q36 Express DELETE comments (6pt)

(1) import Express+bodyParser; (2) create app, base path, port; (3) app.delete route; (4) validate :taskId integer > 400; (5) findIndex by id; (6) <0 > 404 with msg; (7) splice removes+keeps deleted; (8) res.status(200).json(deleted).

### V1 Q37 = see "3 tests for DELETE"

### V2 Q31 Inline vs Block (8pt)

**Block** (div, p, h1–6, section, ul, form): new line, full width, w/h respected, vertical+horiz margins.  
**Inline** (span, a, em, strong, img, label): in-flow, content-width, ignores w/h, only horiz margins.  
Inline CANNOT contain block. inline-block mixes both. **Give 3 of each.**

### V2 Q32 Selector definition (6pt)

Selector defines WHICH elements a rule-set applies to. **Examples:** type p{}; class .btn{}; id #main{}; attribute [href]{}; descendant ul{}; pseudo a:hover{}.

### V2 Q33 DOM (6pt)

Tree, in-memory, language-neutral model of HTML built by browser at parse time. DOMContentLoaded fires when parsed. **JS interacts via:** select (getElementById, querySelector), read/write (textContent, innerHTML, get/setAttribute), structure (createElement, appendChild, remove), style (style.\*, classList), events (addEventListener).

### V2 Q34 Specificity = see CSS box

### V2 Q35 Linting = see Linting section

### V2 Q36 Resource (5pt)

**Resource** = URI-addressable entity (noun). Example book: GET /api/v1/books list - GET /api/v1/books/42 read - POST /api/v1/books create - PUT /api/v1/books/42 replace - PATCH .../42 update - DELETE .../42 remove. Uniform Interface: same URL, verb differs.

### V2 Q37 Event Loop (8pt) = see JS Core box

### V2 Q38 Endpoint flaws = see REST box

### Code Templates (copy-paste)

```
Just unit test
import {add} from './math.js';
describe('math', () => {
  beforeEach(() => db.reset());
  it('adds', () => {
    expect(add(2,3)).toBe(5);});
  it('mock', () => {
    const m = jest.fn()
    .mockReturnValue(7);
    expect(m(1)).toBe(7);
    expect(m).toHaveBeenCalledWith(1);
  });
  it('throws', () =>
```

```
expect(() => add('a',1)).toThrow();});
```

### Supertest GET/POST/DELETE

```
import request from 'supertest';
import app from './app.js';
it('GET', async() => {
  const r = await request(app)
    .get('/api/v1/users');
  expect(r.status).toBe(200);
  expect(Array.isArray(r.body))
    .toBe(true);});
it('POST 201', async() => {
  const r = await request(app)
    .post('/api/v1/users')
    .send({name: 'Al'});
  expect(r.status).toBe(201);
  expect(r.body)
    .toHaveProperty('id');});
it('DEL 404', async() => {
  const r = await request(app)
    .delete('/api/v1/users/9999');
  expect(r.status).toBe(404);});
```

### Express app + error MW

```
const app = express();
app.use(express.json());
app.get('/u/:id', (req, res) => {
  const id = parseInt(req.params.id);
  if (!Number.isInteger(id)) return res.status(400).json({error: 'bad id'});
  res.status(200).json({id});});
app.use((err, req, res, next) => {
  res.status(500)
    .json({error: 'server'});});
app.listen(3000);
```

**SQL: vulnerable vs safe** // VULN - string concat db.query("...WHERE name='"+n+"'"); // input ' OR '1'='1 // SAFE - parameterised db.query("...WHERE name='"+n+"'");

**JWT / bcrypt / HMAC**  
const jwt = jwtify(tok, SECRET, {algorithms: ['HS256']});  
const h = await bcrypt.hash(pw, 12);  
const ok = await bcrypt.compare(pw, h);  
const sig = crypto

```
.createHmac('sha256', SECRET)
.update(method+path+body+ts)
.digest('hex'); // +timestampEqual
```

**fetch async/await + chain**  
async function load() { try { const r = await fetch('/api/x'); if (!r.ok) throw new Error(r.status); return await r.json(); } catch(e) { console.error(e); }} // chain: fetch('/api/x').then(r => r.ok ? r.json() : Promise.reject(r.status)).then(d => console.log(d)).catch(e => console.error(e));

**DOM event + closure**  
btn.addEventListener('click', e => { e.preventDefault(); e.stopPropagation();}); function counter() { let n=0; return () => ++n; } // () () → 1,2,3

**Flex / Grid / Media**  
.center{display:flex; justify:center; center; align-items:center; gap:8px}; .grid{display:grid; gap:10px}; grid-template-columns: 1fr 2fr 1fr; @media(max-width:600px){.grid{grid-template-columns: 1fr};}

```
curl -X POST http://api/users \
-H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-d '{"name": "X"}'
curl -X DELETE http://api/users/1 \
-H 'Authorization: Bearer TOK'
```

Flags: -i headers -v verbose -o save.

## Per-Week Pitfalls (graded traps)

**W1 Net:** POST is NOT idempotent. Basic Auth is base64 ENCODED not encrypted. /N prefix counts bits not bytes (/24 = 3 octets).

**W2 HTML:** don't style with <br>/<font>/<center> (use CSS). Tables = tabular data only, not layout. id must be UNIQUE (use class for groups). Invalid nesting <div><div></div> unreliable. Don't use <br> for spacing.

**W3 CSS:** + = next sib only, \* = all later sibs. id=class>element. User important beats author important. em compounds when nested; rem doesn't. position:absolute with no positioned ancestor anchors to body.  
**W4 Layout:** px widths break responsive (use %). <button>/<img> are inline. disabled is a pseudo-class tied to the disabled attr (a

class won't disable). Flexbox is ID — use Grid for 2D. Need <600px breakpoint. Add a NEW specific rule, don't amend old ones.

**W5 JS:** missing let/const = implicit global. var leak out of if blocks. 0 == ' is true. plain-fn callback loses this (use arrow/bind). innerHTML + user data = XSS. Forgot e.preventDefault() → form reloads.  
**W6 Test:** set up DOM before DOM test or querySelector = null. Test behavior not private vars. <script> in head w/o defer runs before DOM. Test edge cases (0, neg, null, empty, wrong type). Don't write many slow E2E, await async tests.

**W7 Node:** top-level this = module (not global). Regular fn callback loses this. Can't new an arrow / use it as method. Needing this. ESM only (no mixing require). express.json() BEFORE POST/PUT or req.body undefined. Call next() or hang.  
**W8 REST:** no verbs in URI (/getUsers bad). Plural collections. Never 200 on error. PUT replaces whole (idempotent), PATCH updates fields.

**W9 Test:** toBe=reference (use toEqual for objects). await Supertest or test passes silently. Reset shared state in beforeEach. Mocking external services. spy, modifiers().  
**W10 Deploy:** test validator + not-found cases, not just happy path. Assert body not just status. Auth header on protected routes (else 401). Wrong HMAC = 'wrong hash' not 401. export default app for Supertest. Call /api not /.netlify/functions/api. Push to GitHub before deploy. netlify dev first.  
**W11 Sec:** don't set ACAD:\* with credentials. Reject JWT alg:'none', pin alg. Don't log passwords/tokens/bodies. No default creds / debug / stack traces in prod.

**W12 Exam:** <script> need not be in head; <link> belongs in head. Int BEFORE System. Validate types (parseInt+Number.isInteger). try/catch or unhandled → 500. .cls=class #id=id. Selector (not Property/Value) defines what a rule targets. Don't tick-all on MCQ to guess.

## Practice Quiz — Multi-Select

### Drills (Wk 1–10)

Correct options (abbreviated) — the multi-select skill that costs most. Tick ALL.

#### W1 Networking Basics

- Which are correct regarding the TCP/IP protocol stack? → A request is routed to a target host thro...
- Host names are translated to IP addresses...
- The IP protocol uses IP addresses to iden...
- Which are true regarding HTTP? → HTTP is stateless. Both the request and response of an HTTP...
- Everything sent via HTTP is in clear text ...
- Which are true regarding HTTP response codes? → The 200 status code means a request was s...
- Codes starting with 4 indicate client errors.
- Cookies are used to add stateful behaviour to web sites. What is true regarding cookies... → Cookies are just clear-text fields saved...
- Whenever a client sends an HTTP request...

#### W10 Security

- Which are true regarding the following HTTP request header: Authorization: "Basic Z... → It is a security risk to send this header.
- The header is used for authentication.
- The HTTP basic auth method is used ...
- Which are true regarding tokens? → Tokens can define scopes or permissions.
- Tokens can easily be stolen if not protected.
- Tokens are used instead of login credentials ...
- Which are true for request signing? → If a request changes.
- The server also knows the secret used for ...
- Parts of the request are hashed using a s...
- Which are true regarding session-based authentication? → The browser sends a session ID with each...
- The server stores information about the u...
- Session IDs must be unpredictable.
- Why can vulnerable dependencies be a security risk? → Dependencies can introduce vulnerabilities.
- Third-party libraries may contain known v...

#### W2 HTML

- Which of the following statements are true regarding accessibility? → Good accessibility also helps search engi...
- Meta tags can be used to give background...
- W3 CSS
  - Which of the following statements is/are true? → id is more specific than tag class is more specific than tag
  - Which of the following statements is/are true for inline elements? → The element takes as much width as needed.
  - The width/height properties are ignored.
  - Responsive Web Design ensures that web sites adapt to different... → Input methods
  - Screen sizes
  - Screen orientation ...
  - Which are true with respect to devices with virtual viewpoints? → Mobile phones often have a virtual viewport
  - The html meta tag with viewport attribute... Media queries for small screen sizes might...
- W5 JavaScript
  - Which of the following statements is/are true for server-side execution? → Server-side resources can be accessed
  - Specific language versions can be enforced...
  - When assigning variables, which of the following is true? → const is best when assigning a value that...
  - using let and const should be preferred o...
  - let is best when assigning a variable tha...
- W6 Testing and Debugging
  - Which are correct regarding integration testing? → Integration tests often involve more comp...
  - In integration testing
    - Which of the following are typical characteristics of unit tests? → They test small
    - They are usually fast to run
    - They are easy to automate
    - Which of the following are examples of testing types rather than testing levels? → Performance testing, UI testing
    - Which tools are commonly used to debug JavaScript directly in the browser? → Chrome DevTools
    - Firefox DevTools
    - Which statement about Jest is correct? → Jest can test DOM interactions using a si...
    - Jest can be used for unit testing JavaScript...
    - Jest supports testing asynchronous code
  - W7 Server-side JS
    - Which are true about the Node.js runtime? → window and document are undefined
    - Node.js includes built-in modules like http
    - What happens when you run: npm install express → Dependencies can later be reinstalled with...
    - package.json is updated automatically
    - node\_modules is created
    - W8 REST
      - Which are true for a system following the layered architecture style? → It is easy to exchange layers
      - It is comparably easy to add new layers
      - Which are true regarding REST? → HATEOAS allows exploration of a RESTful A...
      - There is no direct interaction with data
      - RESTful APIs have to use the correct HTTP...
      - Which are true regarding the following endpoint (assuming that it is a RESTful API ... → An HTTP GET request to the given URL returns...
      - An HTTP GET request to the given URL does...
      - The given request is idempotent
      - When creating an API, a good way to get started is to → Discuss possible solutions with colleagues
      - Write down the purpose of each endpoint
      - Write down all the required endpoints
    - Exam Strategy
    - MCQ (30pt, 30 min): read EVERY option; multiple may be right; only tick what you can defend. Watch "ONLY/always/exclusively/never" — usually FALSE.
    - FIB (10pt, 8 min): 1–2 word terms (Node.js, TDD, npm, ==, semantic tags, visibility/display). Spell exactly.
    - T/F (10pt, 12 min): negations & absolutes red-flag FALSE. Trust pattern memory.
    - Open (50pt, 75 min): ALWAYS include a concrete example (SQLi snippet, box-model diagram, HTML form code, curl/req).
    - Examples = half the points.
    - Code-reading: draw call stack; mark setTimeOut(..., 0) as LAST in event-loop order; remember this rule (method=obj, plain obj, throw=lexical).
    - Endpoint-analysis: method? URL noun? hierarchy? status? Call out: GET-for-mutation, verb-in-URL, singular noun, no /:id.
    - Order: do FAST ones first (T/F → MCQ singles → FIB → MCQ multis → Open). Save 15 min review.